

# Automated Recording of Radiation Dose from Modalities

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## Scope



You already know why (esp. CT)

Are interested in the question of how?

And what?

And perhaps, where ?

## Cedars-Sinai Incident





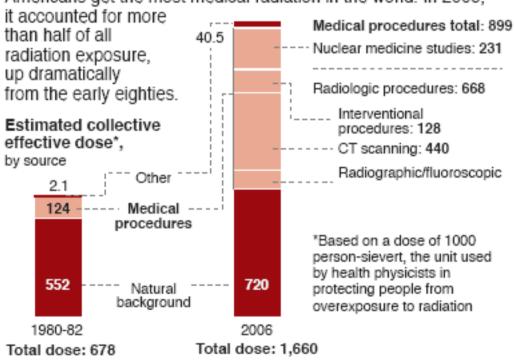


## Popular Press



#### Medical tests major source of radiation

Americans get the most medical radiation in the world. In 2006,



SOURCE: Radiology magazine

## Dose Information from Modality



Multiple possible DICOM sources

- Radiation Dose Structured Report
- Dose Screen OCR
- Reconstructed Image "header"
- Modality Performed Procedure Step

## Dose from Modality - RDSR



## Radiation Dose Structured Report

- persistent document-like object
- store to PACS, RIS, XDS, CD media
- extensible coded structured content
- similar to other DICOM "evidence document" structured content like measurements
- allows transfer and addition of more content
- contains aggregate and per event exposure
- contains detailed technique description

## DICOM CT RDSR



#### CT RADIATION DOSE SR IOD TEMPLATES

The templates that comprise the CT Radiation Dose SR are interconnected as in Figure A-12

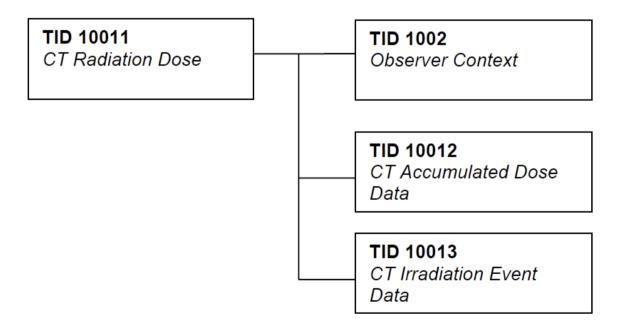


Figure A-12: CT Radiation Dose SR IOD Template Structure

## DICOM CT RDSR



	: CONTAINER: X-Ray Radiation Dose Report [SEPARATE] (DCMR,10011)
$\overline{\mathbf{w}}$	MAS CONCEPT MOD: CODE: Procedure reported = Computed Tomography X-ray
	HAS CONCEPT MOD: CODE: Has Intent = Diagnostic Intent
	HAS OBS CONTEXT: CODE: Observer Type = Device
	HAS OBS CONTEXT: TEXT: Device Observer Name = ilqhfaatc1ws444
	HAS OBS CONTEXT: TEXT: Device Observer Manufacturer = Philips
	HAS OBS CONTEXT: TEXT: Device Observer Model Name = Brilliance 64
	HAS OBS CONTEXT: TEXT: Device Observer Physical Location During Observation = PMSTL
	HAS OBS CONTEXT: DATETIME: Start of X-ray Irradiation = 20100422162839.030
$\overline{\mathbf{w}}$	HAS OBS CONTEXT: CODE: Scope of Accumulation = Study
	HAS PROPERTIES: UIDREF: Study Instance UID = 1.2.840.113704.1.111.6084.1271942101.12
₩	CONTAINS: CONTAINER: CT Accumulated Dose Data [SEPARATE]
	CONTAINS: NUM: Total Number of Irradiation Events = 2 events
	CONTAINS: NUM CT Dose Length Product Total = 19.67375 mGycm
▶	CONTAINS: CONTAINER: CT Acquisitions [SEPARATE]
₩	CONTAINS: CONTAINER: CT Acquisitions [SEPARATE]
	CONTAINS: CODE: Acquisition Type = Sequenced Acquisition
	CONTAINS: CODE: Procedure Context = CT without contrast
	CONTAINS: UIDREF: Irradiation Event UID = 1.2.840.113704.1.111.6084.1271942101.12.2
	▼ CONTAINS: CONTAINER: CT Acquisition Parameters [SEPARATE]
	CONTAINS: NUM: Exposure Time = 4254 s
	CONTAINS: NUM: Scanning Length = 10 mm
	CONTAINS: NUM: Nominal Single Collimator Width = 0.625 mm
	CONTAINS: NUM: Nominal Total Collimator Width = 1.25 mm
	CONTAINS: NUM: Number of X-ray Sources = 1 X-ray sources
	CONTAINS: CONTAINER: CT X-ray Source Parameters [SEPARATE]
	CONTAINS: CONTAINER: CT Dose [SEPARATE]  CONTAINS: NUM: Mean CTDIvol = 1.3978125 mGy
	CONTAINS: CODE: CTDIw Phantom Type = IEC Body Dosimetry Phantom
	CONTAINS: NUM: DLP = 16.77375 mGycm
	▼ CONTAINS: CODE: Device Role in Procedure = Irradiating Device
	HAS PROPERTIES: TEXT: Device Manufacturer = Philips
	HAS PROPERTIES: TEXT: Device Model Name = Brilliance 64
	CONTAINS: CODE: Source of Dose Information = Automated Data Collection

## Dose from Modality - RDSR



## Radiation Dose Structured Report

- general structure common to all modalities
- specific content for different modalities
- templates for CT and projection X-Ray
- fluoroscopy and individual exposures
- allows a shared infrastructure to manage all ionizing radiation producing diagnostic modalities
- WIP extension to nuclear medicine & PET

## Dose from Modality – CT RDSR



## CT Radiation Dose Structured Report

- irradiation event: uniquely identified
- scope: event, series, PPS, study
- accumulated & per-event data
- phantom exposure required (CTDIvol, DLP)
- effective dose (mSv) optional (ICRP 60, 103)
- per-event acquisition parameters (kV,...)
- standard coded region (anatomy)
- standard coded CT type (sequenced, spiral,...)

## Management – IHE REM

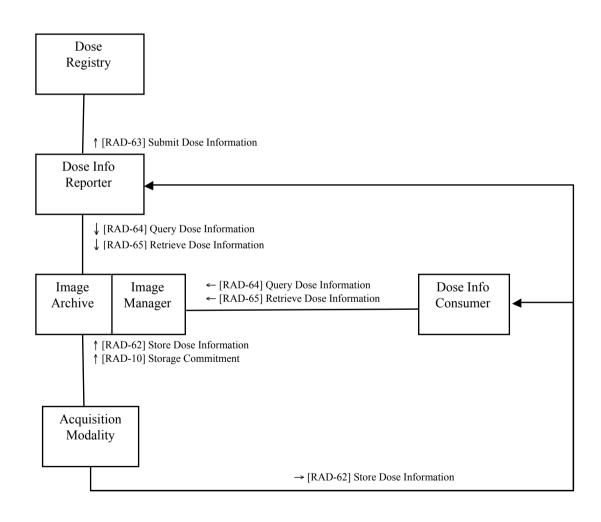


## Radiation Exposure Monitoring (REM)

- Integrating the Healthcare Enterprise (IHE)
- profile to specify actors & transactions
- create, store, distribute, report and register
- Acquisition Modalities create
- PACS (IM/IA) stores
- Dose Information Consumer uses
- Dose Information Reporter sends to Registry

## IHE REM Profile





## Going Forward



## Way forward is clear

- all new acquisition modality equipment should encode dose in DICOM Radiation Dose Structured Reports (RDSR)
- all devices should support IHE Radiation
   Exposure Monitoring (REM) profile, which addresses modality, storage, reporting and registry submission (including PACS)

## Commitment by vendors to update

- "current platform" of modalities only

PRODUCT FAMILY	LIGHTSPEED						
Product		Slices		DICOM SC			
LightSpeed QX/i		4					
LightSpeed (H-power gantry)		4					
LightSpeed Plus (Compact gantry)		4					
LightSpeed Plus (H-power gantry)		4					
LightSpeed Ultra (Compact gantry)		8					
LightSpeed Ultra (H-power gantry)		8					
LightSpeed 16 (Compact gantry)		16					
LightSpeed 16 (H-power gantry)		16					
LightSpeed Pro 32		32					
	07MW11.10	4, 8, 16					
	07BW08.x						
LightSpeed RT	08BW17.7						
	08BW44.1						
	09HW30.4						
	07MW18.4	64					
	08MW33.2	64					
LightSpeed VCT	09MW08.10	64					
	09MW08.11	64					
	10MW06.5	64					

#### Dilemma



#### What to do about older scanners

- that are not yet updated, and may never be
- vast majority of global installed base
- what existing capabilities can be leveraged?

#### What about new objects in old PACS?

- new modalities may produce RDSR, but ...
- site has no system to view, aggregate, report

#### Even for old images in the archive ...

- vast collection of reference dose information
- manual recording is tedious (== expensive)
- prior data for patients with new studies

#### Old Scanners



## Usually no explicit dose information

- just technique (kVP, mA, etc.)
- scanner-specific dosimetry efforts (ImPACT)
- Garcia et al. 2009

#### Human-readable "dose screens"

- CTDIvol and DLP per series & total DLP
- not (generally) machine-readable
- can use Optical Character Recognition (OCR)
- can retrospectively process archive

## Key Fields to Extract



Patient Name: Exam no:

Accession Number:

Patient ID: Discovery CT750 HD

Exam Description: CT HALS/THORAX/ABDOMEN

#### Dose Report

Series	Туре	Scan Range (mm)	CTDIvol (mGy)	DLP (mGy-cm)	Phantom cm
1	Scout	_	-	-	-
2	Helical	S15.750-I650.250	5.10	373.00	Body 32
5	Helical	S188.000-I105.000	5.10	182.72	Body 32
Total Exam DLP: 555.72					

Fotal Exam DLP: 555.7

### Additional Fields to Extract



Patient Name: Exam no:

Accession Number:

Patient ID: Discovery CT750 HD

Exam Description: CT HALS/THORAX/ABDOMEN

#### Dose Report

Bose Report								
Series	Туре	Scan Range (mm)	CTDIvol (mGy)	DLP (mGy-cm)	Phantom cm			
1	Scout	_	_	_	-			
2	Helical	S15.750-I650.250	5.10	373.00	Body 32			
5	Helical	S188.000-I105.000	5.10	182.72	Body 32			
		Total	Exam DLP:	555.72				

## Key Fields to Extract



15-Jul-20

Ward:

Physician:

Operator:

Total mAs 15323

Total DLP 1601 mGy\*cm

	Scan	kV	mAs / ref.	CTDIvol	DLP	TI	cSL
				mGy	mGy*cm	s	mm
Patient Position H-SP							
AP Scout	1	120	36 mA			2.7	0.6
Lateral Scout	2	120	36 mA			2.7	0.6
CCS	3D	120	150	8.49	122	0.2	3.0
Last scan no.	10						
PreMonitoring	11	120	20	0.90	1	0.33	10.0
I.V. Bolus							
Monitoring	12	120	20	9.73	10	0.33	10.0
Last scan no.	22						
Coronary Angio	23D	120	350	91.74	1468	0.33	0.6

## Challenges



- Query and retrieval of dose screens
- Extracting sufficient information
  - matching against actual series
  - information from reconstructed images
  - extracting anatomy and procedure
  - extracting phantom information
  - extracting scanning range
  - establishing scope of accumulation
  - absence of an Irradiation Event UID

## Challenges - Anatomy



#### No coded anatomy information present

- legacy scanner consoles
  - no place to select anatomy from standard list
  - not available from Modality Work List (MWL)
  - not copied from protocols
- so Body Part Examined and Anatomic Region
   Sequence often empty or absent (or wrong)

#### Attempt to parse plain text

- challenging across multiple languages
- abbreviations and punctuation are problematic
  - C/A/P versus CAP versus Chest/Abdomen/Pelvis

## OCR Implementations



- PixelMed (open source, D. Clunie)
  - OCR, toolkit, utilities, services, registry submission
  - <a href="http://www.pixelmed.com/">http://www.pixelmed.com/</a>
- Radiance (open source, T. Cook UPenn)
  - dose management system, OCR, effective dose
  - http://radiancedose.com
- GROK (open source, G. Warden)
  - anatomy, database, automated size from slices
  - <a href="http://dose-grok.sourceforge.net/">http://dose-grok.sourceforge.net/</a>
- Valkyrie (G. Shih, Weill-Cornell)

## Dose Utility Prototype



000	Dose Utility
GRAYTOO_OSIRIX  Patient DiscoveryCT750HD WithDoseSRAndScreenShot 83749  Series 4 {CT} LUNG PACS Series 7 {CT} LUNG PACS Series 601 {CT} THO LUNG COR PACS Series 602 {CT} THO LUNG AX PACS Series 604 {CT} THO LUNG COR PACS Series 605 {CT} THO LUNG AX PACS Series 997 {SR} Dose Record Series 999 {CT} Dose Report	Local  ▼
ModalitiesInStudy PatientAge PatientBirthDate PatientID	BitsAllocated BitsStored BurnedInAnnotation Columns ContentDate Imag
CT\SR 83749123749219	16 16 NO 512 20090810 DERI
)++I	)4 Þ
Configure Log Query Retri	eve Import View Validate Report ent's ID: Study Date:
▼ Retrieve only dose series  Show only do	ose summary Show detailed log
(498,209) = -1024 HU [0]	

## Dose Utility Prototype



Patient	Name:		Exam no:						
Accessio	Accession Number:								
Patient I	ID:	Discovery CT750 HD							
Exam D	escriptior	ı: CT HALS/THORAX/AE	BOMEN						
		Dose Rej	port						
Series	Туре	Scan Range (mm)	CTDIvol (mGy)	DLP (mGy-cm)	Phantom cm				
1	Scout	-	_	_	-				
2	Helical	\$15.750-1650.250	5.10	373.00	Body 32				
5	Helical	S188.000-I105.000	5.10	182.72	Body 32				
		Total f	555.72						
1/1									

| Reporting started | Dose | 2009/08/10 13:03:28 | CT | CT HALS/THORAX/ABDOMEN | DLP Total = 555.72 m/Gycm | Series = 2 | Helical | S15.750-1650.250 mm | 5.10 m/Gy | 373.00 m/GycmBODY32 | Series = 5 | Helical | S188.000-1105.000 mm | 5.10 m/Gy | 182.72 m/GycmBODY32 | Reporting complete | Reporting to the complete | S188.000-1105.000 mm | S100 m/GycmBODY32 | S100 m

Clear

## Dose from Modality - Images



### Images are insufficient

- technique only
  - kVP,mAs, not usually CTDIvol
  - not DLP, which spans entire acquisition
- multiple reconstructions per exposure
  - soft tissue and bone reconstructions, MPRs
  - might count more than once
- timing of encoding
  - images encoded/sent before acquisition ends

## Dose from Modality - MPPS



#### MPPS is insufficient

- limited ability to encode complex data
- transient message, nor a persistent object
- cannot be "stored" long term or queried
- intended to manage scheduling system
- not very widely implemented in RIS/PACS
- perceived as offering little benefit in addition to modality work list
- historically some use in XA/RF

#### Conclusion



- Infrastructure must support RDSR
- New & updated modalities: make RDSR
- Older modalities (and archive): OCR dose screens to make RDSR
- Ancient modalities: worth estimating from technique in image headers?

Should be no need to record manually